

# The True Northerner.

PAW PAW, MICHIGAN.

## NEWS CONDENSED.

### Concise Record of the Week.

#### DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

A communication from the Attorney General, stating that his force of employees was too small to supply promptly the voluminous papers called for, and asking for more help, was presented in the Senate on the 21st ult. Favorable reports were made on bills for the erection of public buildings at Chattanooga, Opelousa, and Portland. A petition was presented asking compensation to citizens of Kansas for property destroyed in the Cheyenne raid of 1878. Mr. Platt explained the provisions of his bill to examine the Federal Office in separate departments. David J. Brewer was confirmed as Judge of the Eighth Circuit. In the House Mr. Emery of Chicago, introduced a resolution thanking Minister Sargent for the able, faithful, and dignified manner in which he had discharged the duties of his office as Minister to Berlin. The Committee on Public Health reported back a resolution directing an investigation as to the adulteration of food and drugs as not within the province of Congress; but it was recommended, by a vote of 117 to 118. A resolution was offered by Mr. Nichols, requesting the Sherman committee of the Senate to inquire into the circumstances of the riots at Cincinnati. Bills were introduced to grant right of way through Indian Territory for the Pacific and Great Eastern Road; to make Oakland, Cal., a port of delivery; to repeal the Federal revenue tax on tobacco; to equalize the taxation of foreign and domestic insurance companies; and to appropriate \$400,000 for surveys by the overflow of Mississippi. Robert Smalls was sworn in as a member from South Carolina. Mr. Blanked the debate on the trade-dollor bill, and urged the unlimited coinage of silver.

A bill for the relief of the Jeannette survivors passed the Senate on the 23d inst. A memorial was presented from William Webster, an American citizen, asking to be secured in the owner, ship of a half million acres of land in New Zealand bought from native chiefs before Mr. British took possession. A bill was reported for ascertaining the expense incurred by the United States in the purchase of Bannock and Nez Perce outbreaks. Bills were introduced to regulate the letting of mail contracts in Alaska, and to make the United States a party to the convention for the protection of the seal fisheries in the North Pacific. The House of Representatives passed a bill for the relief of the Jeannette survivors, and a bill for the relief of the Jeannette survivors, and a bill for the relief of the Jeannette survivors.

The Senate held its usual debate on the educational bill on the 23d inst. No legislative work worthy of record was accomplished. In the House a memorial from bondholders of the Northern Pacific road was presented, praying to be heard before the Public Lands Committee in regard to the proposed sale of the road. A recess of fifteen minutes was taken to receive Gen. Grant, who leaned on a crutch at the clerk's desk and was introduced by members by Speaker Carlisle. A message from the President was received, recommending an appropriation of \$100,000 for the protection of levees on the lower Mississippi.

A joint resolution of the Legislature of Iowa, asking immediate steps to recover unearned portions of railroad land grants, was presented in the Senate on the 31st inst. by Mr. Wilson. A petition was received from 8,000 citizens of the Western States, asking for a pension of at least \$4 in money for each year of service charged soldier and sailor of the late war. Favorable reports were made on bills to erect a public building and to authorize the bridging of the Cumberland at White Cloud. The Library Committee was instructed to inquire into the expediency of purchasing from the Lewis family the sword worn by Washington when he resigned his commission. When the education bill came up, Mr. Rogers of Ohio, introduced a bill to make a political speech. Mr. Williams advocated the measure, and Messrs. Hoar and Harrison outlined the reasons which they proposed to introduce. The House of Representatives adopted a joint resolution authorizing the loan of flags and banners for each year of service charged soldier and sailor of the late war. The Secretary of the Interior was authorized to inquire into the matters of the Dr. Parker Whitmore and others in Oregon in 1847. Forty-six pages of the Indian appropriation bill were disposed of.

A bill to authorize the appointment of a commission by the President to run and mark the boundary line between a portion of Indian Territory and Texas was reported to the Senate on the 4th inst. Mr. Logan presented a petition from the Chicago Board of Trade against the further extension of silver by the United States. Mr. Logan introduced a bill to authorize the appointment and retirement of disabled officers honorably discharged from the regular army. Mr. Jones submitted a joint resolution making an appropriation of \$100,000 for the protection of levees on the lower Mississippi. Speeches on the education bill were made by Messrs. Bayard, Gibson, and Morgan. Mr. Butler gave notice of an amendment that the money required shall be raised by a direct tax on the States. In the House a bill was reported to provide for the adjustment of Congressional land grants within the borders of Kansas. The Indian appropriation bill was passed. An evening session was held for the consideration of pension bills.

#### EASTERN.

Lyman & Curtis, toy merchants, of New York, have made an assignment. Their assets are \$95,000 and their liabilities \$172,000.

A negro lad named George Jones was executed at Pittsburgh for the brutal murder of a fellow negro.

Trichinosis carried off Mrs. Galle and daughter at Loyal Hanna, Pa., and Mr. Galle and another daughter are not expected to recover.

Seven Austro-Polanders looking for work were struck by a backing engine at Saratoga, Pa. Five were killed, one lost an arm, and one is unhurt. They were dismembered, and heads and limbs scattered over the road for many rods around.

At Northeast, N. Y., Edward House, while firing at a mark, shot his wife dead.

Mrs. Johnson, a maniac, murdered her 13-year-old daughter, near Forestport, N. Y.

#### WESTERN.

Orrin A. Carpenter returned to Lincoln, Ill., last week, but his advent caused no excitement.

Cincinnati dispatches of the 3d inst. inform the world that the barricades about the Court House had been removed; that the 17th Regiment was still guarding the jail, while "the gallant 5th" was at Music Hall; and that it had been ascertained that the casualties in the three days' fighting numbered 45 killed and 138 wounded. The feeling of ill-will against the militia was wearing off. A good deal of discussion was going on touching the question as to who gave the first order to fire on the mob, and the general drift was that Sheriff Hawkins would have to shoulder the responsibility. At Columbus, Gov. Hoadly suggested to the Legislature that it offer a reward for the arrest of the murderer of Capt. Desmond, and

that an appropriation for the relief of Desmond's mother be made. A bill was also introduced that citizens may recover from the State damages for property destroyed during riots.

At the close of the year the Western Kansas Stock-raisers' Association, recently in convention at Dodge City, had a membership of ninety-five, who owned 350,000 head of cattle, valued at \$10,000,000.

A passenger train on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad jumped the track at Belleville, Ill., throwing the coaches down a twelve-foot embankment. Both coaches were filled with passengers, twenty-five of whom were injured, some quite seriously. A babe was killed.

#### SOUTHERN.

Frank Elliott, a negro who assaulted a white girl in York County, North Carolina, was taken to Rock Hill for examination. The citizens overpowered the Sheriff's posse and lynched the offender. Edwin McCullough, a negro murderer, was hanged by a mob at Dallas, N. C.

Buffalo gnats are killing mules in Western Mississippi. Deer are fleeing to the high lands of Arkansas to escape the pests.

Capt. W. N. Robinson, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Eighth Alabama District, killed himself at Scottsboro by driving a pen-knife into his breast.

A party of filibusters sailed in a schooner from Key West, Fla., for Cuba. Two United States revenue cutters sailed in pursuit.

The steamer Rebecca Everingham burned to the water's edge in the Chattahoochee River at Fitzgeralds Landing, Ga. Thirteen persons lost their lives, and of the passengers who escaped in their night clothes, many were severely burned. The boat, valued at \$24,000, is a total loss; 907 bales of cotton and other freight were consumed.

Forest fires are doing vast damage among the plantation and pine trees in the Carolinas. The flames extend over six counties in each State.

#### WASHINGTON.

A recent report by a special agent of the Land Office, that a tract of 720,000 acres of public lands in Colorado had been fenced in by parties without the slightest authority, has attracted the attention of Congress. Commissioner McFarland recommends that fencing public territory be made a penal offense.

A 10-year-old boy, who killed a farmer by hitting him with a stone, pleaded guilty to manslaughter at Washington, and was sentenced to the Reform School for eleven years.

The following is the regular monthly statement of the public debt, issued on the 1st inst.:

Interest-bearing debt—  
Four and one-half per cent. \$250,000,000  
Four per cent. 757,543,950  
Three per cent. 254,808,550  
Refunding certificates 202,499  
Navy pension fund. 14,000,000

Total interest-bearing debt. \$1,264,852,949  
Matured debt—  
Dated on which interest has ceased. 14,943,915  
Total cash in treasury. 240,739,541  
U. S. notes held for redemption. 15,475,000  
Gold and silver certificates. 220,614,561  
Fractional currency. 6,294,315

Total without interest. \$889,843,419  
Total debt (principal). \$1,604,696,364  
Total cash in treasury. 240,739,541  
U. S. notes held for redemption. 15,475,000  
Gold and silver certificates. 220,614,561  
Fractional currency. 6,294,315

Current liabilities—  
Interest due and unpaid. 1,469,359  
Dated on which interest has ceased. 14,943,915  
Interest thereon. 323,678  
Gold and silver certificates. 220,614,561  
Refunding certificates. 202,499  
Navy pension fund. 14,000,000  
Cash balance available. 150,915,315

Total. \$1,604,696,364  
Available assets—  
Cash in treasury. \$402,875,210  
Bonds issued to Pacific Railway companies, interest payable by United States. \$4,628,513  
Principal outstanding. \$4,628,513  
Interest accrued, not yet paid. 369,352  
Interest paid by United States. 61,190,786

Interest repaid by companies—  
By transportation service. \$17,966,921  
By cash payments, 5 per cent. net earnings. \$68,198  
By cash payments, 3 per cent. net earnings. 62,538,778

Before the Springer committee at Washington, George Bliss testified that his charge as counsel in the star-route cases was \$59,532, of which \$43,442 was for expenses.

The House Committee on Post-Roads adopted a resolution declaring it inexpedient for the Government either to construct a postal telegraph or purchase any existing line.

#### POLITICAL.

Of 100 business men who are Republicans were interviewed at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 90 per cent. favor Blaine for President and Lincoln for Vice President.

The municipal election in Chicago resulted in the success of the Democratic ticket. A very light vote was polled. The new City Council will stand 21 Democrats to 15 Republicans. Mr. George A. Pillsbury, the Republican and high license candidate for Mayor of Minneapolis, was elected over Ames, Democrat, the present incumbent, by an estimated majority of 3,000.

The municipal election in Springfield, Ill., resulted in a triumph for the Republican candidates for Aldermen, who made the canvass on a uniform \$500 saloon license issue. Emil Walther, Republican, was elected Mayor of Milwaukee, the Democrats carrying all the other offices. Charles H. Parker, high license, was chosen Mayor of Bolot by 233 majority. The Democrats swept Madison, Wis., selecting B. J. Stevens Mayor, and secured most of the offices of Janesville and Watertown. H. D. Davis, People's candidate, was elected Mayor of Eau Claire, and A. J. Webster, Democrat, Mayor of Menasha. The Democrats carried Racine, La Crosse, Chippewa Falls, Oshkosh, Appleton, and Prairie du Chien, and the Republican ticket were triumphant at Waukegan and Portage. At Leavenworth, Kan., the Democratic municipal ticket was elected by about two to one.

Gov. Bourne, Republican, has been re-elected Governor of Rhode Island. The Republicans have 18 majority in the Senate and 32 in the House.

The statement is again made upon the authority of Oliver Payne, that his father, Senator-elect from Ohio, will under no circumstances consent to be a candidate for the Presidency.

Judge Field, of the Supreme Court, writes from Washington to ex-Gov. Johnson,

of California, that he is not and does not wish to be considered a Presidential candidate.

The Iowa Legislature adjourned nine days on the 2d inst.

The Minnesota State Democratic Convention will meet at St. Paul May 20.

The Ohio Legislature has passed a bill providing for graded saloon licenses. According to this measure all retail liquor dealers have to pay a license fee of \$100. For saloons on which the sales are over \$3,000 2 1/2 per cent. is to be levied on the surplusage in addition, and when the sales exceed \$11,000 the tax is 5 per cent.

Senator John F. Miller telegraphs the Republican State Committee at San Francisco, declining to be a candidate at the Chicago convention.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

Two brothers—John and George Stephenson—were executed for murder at Regina, Northwest Territory.

Three persons were executed for murder on Friday, April 4—Henry Rose, at Osceola, Ark.; Joe McGee, at Cobasatta, La.; and Andy Roland, at Spring Place, Ga.

The failures in the United States for the week were 143. Geo. W. Clay & Co., cotton dealers, of Pittsburgh, have suspended payment, with liabilities of \$22,000. C. N. Holst, a private banker at New Holstein, Wis., who offered 8 per cent. for deposits, has reached the end of his rope, owing \$30,000 to working people.

The steamer Daniel Steinman, from Antwerp, carrying a crew of thirty-four men and ninety passengers, was wrecked off San Bruno, N. S. The captain and five of the crew are the only survivors—118 persons perishing.

A premature blast at Port Arthur, on the Canadian Pacific road, killed five men. A cable dispatch from Rome announces that Archbishop Ryan, of St. Louis, has been appointed to the vacant Archbishopric of Philadelphia, which is considered an important ecclesiastical promotion.

The Neptune reached St. John's, N. F., with the greatest catch of seals on record—41,000—worth \$125,000.

Recent deaths: John J. Cisco, a well-known New York banker, formerly Assistant Treasurer of the United States; Henry B. Hurlbut, of Cleveland, a prominent railroad man; Hon. Henry C. Land, a leading citizen of Cincinnati; Francois Mignet, French historian; James Hamilton, of Bath County, Kentucky, the largest short-horn cattle dealer in the world; Editor Danielson, of the Providence (R. I.) Journal; Mrs. Sarah Smith, of Mattoon, Ill., who had used tobacco all her life, aged 100 years; Absalom Watkins, of Chattanooga, Tenn., one of the oldest and best known editors in the South; Mrs. Kate N. Doggett, of Chicago, a prominent advocate of female suffrage, and President of the Woman's Congress for several terms; Augustus Schell, a veteran banker and Democratic politician of New York; Matt H. Finch, a prominent lawyer of Milwaukee; Mrs. Stratton, of New Haven, Ct., mother of the late Tom Thumb; Judge Granger, of Washington, D. C., a brother-in-law of the late Stephen A. Douglas; John Parrott, the pioneer banker of California; Prince Leopold, known as the Duke of Albany, youngest son of Queen Victoria; the wife of Hon. George W. Julian, of Indiana (a daughter of the late Joshua R. Giddings).

The record of failing traders through the United States for the first quarter of 1884, as compiled by Bradstreet's, is very long. The aggregate of annual failures in 1883 was in excess of the total of any preceding year since 1878, when special causes conspired to put an end to the shaky and insolvent concerns. In the first quarter of 1883 the number of business failures was 3,189, or 31 per cent. of the total for that year. The total number of failures for the first quarter of 1884 being 3,329, this points to a record of over 10,400 business deaths within the current year. The total number of failures in the various geographical divisions having liabilities of \$100,000 and over during the quarter ending March 31 was:

No. Total  
Assets. Liabilities.  
New England. 22 \$ 175,000 \$ 348,000  
Middle States. 29 1,829,773 4,241,456  
Southern. 8 671,000 1,364,477  
Western. 14 2,007,000 3,676,516  
Pacific. 3 1,236,215 1,459,842

Total. 74 \$6,910,488 \$10,999,391

Burned: The machine shops of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, at Memphis, Tenn., \$100,000; a pigeon-house at Melrose, Mass., \$10,000; a Methodist church at Fergus Falls, Minn., \$10,000; several stores at Steele, Dakota, \$20,000; a hardware store at Grand Rapids, Mich., \$25,000; a schoolhouse at Appleton, Wis., \$10,000; a tannery at Milford, N. H., \$40,000; a paper mill at Niagara Falls, \$40,000; a wool warehouse at Toronto, \$90,000; a block of buildings at Portland, Me., \$23,000; a business block at Medina, N. Y., \$20,000; several stores at Calais, Me., \$20,000; a business block at Sherman, Texas, \$15,000; a hotel and store at Stillman, N. B., \$15,000; a manufactory at Sterling, Ill., \$10,000; a flour mill at Jerseyville, Ill., \$15,000; a flour depot at Rock Hill, N. C., \$40,000; a manufactory at Pekin, Ill., \$10,000; a flouring mill at Horseshoe, N. Y., \$20,000; the Michigan Saw Works, at East Saginaw, Michigan, \$100,000; a saw mill at Muscatine, Ia., \$50,000; seven business houses and a dwelling at Perryville, Ind., 20,000.

Many wrecks of small craft have occurred in Chesapeake Bay recently, owing to furious gales.

#### FOREIGN.

The London Times, in commenting on the disturbances in Cincinnati, says: "Occurrences like these must give the statesmen of the vast and growing republic food for reflection. One way to lessen the difficulty of preserving order is to secure a decent administration of justice, where the political boss and the criminal lawyer can no longer have things so much their own way."

The Gladstone Cabinet, after a long discussion, decided against establishing a British protectorate over Egypt.

A fire which originated in the printing house of Pardon & Hones, in Lovell's Court, Paternoster Row, London, spread to the famous old Dolly's Chop House; to the house of Faudel, Phillips & Sons, importers of toys and fancy goods, in Newgate street; the large bookbindery of Smith Bros., in Ivy lane, and to the music publishing house of B. Williams, in Paternoster Row, all of which were completely destroyed. The loss is placed at over \$4,000,000. The favorable

direction of the wind saved St. Paul's Cathedral. The losses are covered by insurance amounting to £1,250,000.

The Parnell branch of the Irish National League has passed a resolution condemning Michael Davitt for inviting Henry George to lecture at Dublin.

The British Government claims to have unearthed a plot by Irish revolutionaries to blow up Mountjoy Prison. Letters found in a cell showed that the warden was to be 'berlited' to place an infernal machine in the prison, and that a noted conspirator was to be thrown over a balcony and killed.

#### LATER NEWS ITEMS.

The tug Peter Smith exploded her boiler off Vermilion, on Lake Erie, killing John Perow and John Cado, engineers, and Capt. Smith, of the schooner Sherman, who was on a pleasure trip.

Five boys, from 9 to 13 years of age, crossing the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway track, near Cincinnati, in a one-horse wagon, were struck by a train and three of them killed. The other two were so badly injured that their recovery is despaired of.

Michael Davitt has written a letter to Mr. William O'Brien, one of Mr. Parnell's Parliamentary lieutenants, protesting against the nomination for Parliamentary seats of Irish residents of England, whom Mr. Davitt describes as "carpet-baggers" and political adventurers. He claims that men like himself who are trying to keep the National cause "to the front" are being made political scapegoats, and protests against too much political dictation. He asks that the people be given a chance.

Jem Ward, a veteran pugilist, died the other day in London. He retired from the ring in 1830, after which he developed considerable talent in painting and music.

Forest fires have broken out in various sections of North and South Carolina through the attempts of the farmers to clear the planting grounds by burning the "brush." The fires have spread with alarming rapidity. Hundreds of farmhouses and outbuildings have been destroyed. Berkeley and Chesterfield Counties have suffered severely.

The schooner Shooters, which left Key West a few days ago in a mysterious manner, has returned to that port. The pilot in charge states that when the vessel was clear of the harbor Aquero, a Cuban chief, with drawn pistol, forced him to take a party of filibusters to the Cuban coast, land them near Cardenas.

A bloody tragedy was enacted at a prize fight near Hyndman, Pa. Two Hungarian brutes, Vest and Kilraire, entered the ring and fought fifty-eight rounds, pounding each other to a jelly. During the fifth-eighth Kilraire struck a blow which laid Vest out. There were cries of "Foul! foul!" when the referee and umpires jumped in and drew their guns. A horrible riot followed. The results of the whole affair, collected when it was over, were Vest dead, another man shot dead through the body, three others apparently dead, and half of the rest of the crowd badly used up. Ben Hogan, the prize-fighter, was present exhorting the crowd to "see from the wrath to come."

A Texas Pacific train was wrecked near Cleo, Texas, the baggage car and three coaches tumbling down an embankment. Seven persons were killed and many injured.

The farm-house of Carl Schultz, near Tawas, Michigan, was visited by three masked men, who battered down the front door with a fence-rail. They secured nearly \$3,000 in German gold coin, and brutally assaulted the family. As the latter fled toward a neighbor's the villains fired upon them, killing a son of Mr. Schultz.

Bills were reported to the Senate, on the 5th inst., for the erection of public buildings at Dayton and Springfield, Ohio. Bills were passed making it a felony to pretend to be an officer or employee of the Government, and to authorize the construction of a railroad bridge across the Cretz River. After some debate on the education bill, an amendment by Mr. Logan, appropriating \$15,000,000 the first year and \$30,000,000 the third year, was defeated.

Another amendment to set aside \$2,000,000 to aid in building school-houses in sparsely populated parts was lost. An amendment was agreed to that should be reported by the committee on the 10th inst. Mr. Hoar then proposed an amendment to commence with \$7,000,000 per annum and give \$15,000,000 the third year. The House of Representatives passed the agricultural appropriation bill, with an amendment increasing by \$25,000 the appropriation for the distribution of seeds and plants. Amendments by the Senate to the House bill making it a felony to personate a government officer or employe were concurred in. The question of forbidding the Oregon Central land grant was debated for some time, without action.

#### THE MARKET.

NEW YORK. 6.15 @ 7.50  
BEVERLY—Choice to Prime Steers. 6.50 @ 7.00  
Fair to Good. 6.00 @ 6.50  
Common to Medium. 5.00 @ 5.50  
HOGS. 4.00 @ 4.50  
FLOUR—No. 1 Western. 83 @ 84  
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago. 78 @ 79  
No. 2 Red. 78 @ 79  
CORN—No. 2. 28 @ 29  
OATS—White. 49 @ 50  
No. 2. 48 @ 49  
LARD. 16.25 @ 16.75  
0.08 @ 0.09

CHICAGO. 6.50 @ 7.00  
BEVERLY—Choice to Prime Steers. 6.50 @ 7.00  
Fair to Good. 6.00 @ 6.50  
Common to Medium. 5.00 @ 5.50  
HOGS. 4.00 @ 4.50  
FLOUR—No. 1 Western. 83 @ 84  
WHEAT—No. 2 Chicago. 78 @ 79  
No. 2 Red. 78 @ 79  
CORN—No. 2. 28 @ 29  
OATS—White. 49 @ 50  
No. 2. 48 @ 49  
LARD. 16.25 @ 16.75  
0.08 @ 0.09

ST. LOUIS. 1.00 @ 1.06 1/2  
WHEAT—No. 2 Red. 1.00 @ 1.06 1/2  
CORN—Mixed. 46 @ 47  
OATS—No. 2. 38 @ 39 1/2  
RYE. 50 @ 51  
PORE—Mess. 16.00 @ 16.50  
LARD. 16.25 @ 16.75  
0.08 @ 0.09

CINCINNATI. 1.02 @ 1.03 1/2  
WHEAT—No. 2 Red. 1.02 @ 1.03 1/2  
CORN. 54 @ 55  
OATS—Mixed. 36 @ 37  
PORE—Mess. 16.00 @ 16.50  
LARD. 16.25 @ 16.75  
0.08 @ 0.09

TOLEDO. 36 @ 37  
WHEAT—No. 2 Red. 36 @ 37  
CORN—No. 2. 36 @ 37  
OATS—No. 2. 36 @ 37

DETROIT. 8.50 @ 8.60  
FLOUR—No. 1 White. 8.50 @ 8.60  
WHEAT—No. 1. 8.50 @ 8.60  
OATS—No. 1. 8.50 @ 8.60  
PORE—Mess. 16.00 @ 16.50  
LARD. 16.25 @ 16.75  
0.08 @ 0.09

EAST LIBERTY. 4.50 @ 4.50  
FAIR. 4.00 @ 4.25  
COMMON. 3.75 @ 4.00  
HOGS. 4.00 @ 4.25  
SHEEP. 3.50 @ 3.75

## SWEET AWAY.

Two Black Clouds Meet Over the Village of Oakville, Ind., and Demolish the Town.

The Cyclone's Awful Work in Ohio, Pennsylvania, Georgia, and Tennessee.

Most people living in the Northwest will recall the fact that Monday, the 2d of April, was one of the darkest days of the year. Dense clouds obscured the sun to such an extent as to render artificial light necessary in nearly all houses. The remark was a common one that it was a good day for cyclones, and so it proved. Many sections of the country were visited by fierce storms that swept away houses and killed many people. The worst of these elemental outbreaks appears to have directed its fury against the little town of Oakville, Delaware County, Ind. A correspondent thus describes the ruin wrought by the windy monster: Its path was about half a mile wide and distance from miles, presenting a scene of ruin and wreck seldom seen. The cloud came from the northwest, and was of funnel shape and of a greenish color. The center of its destructive grandeur was Oakville, a small village on the Port Wayne Cincinnati & Louisville Road. It is, or was, a place of 125 inhabitants and of forty or fifty buildings, not more than five of which are now standing. Indeed, the entire town, but yesterday busy and prosperous, is to-day a mass of confused debris. Houses and all buildings are destroyed beyond repair. The place is absolutely wiped from the face of the earth. Five persons were killed, and several injured. Among the dead were: Mrs. Anna Dearmond, a widow, aged about 85 years; Colwell C. Johnson, a small child belonging to the above; C. Brown's infant, about a year old; Susie Himes, aged 16, daughter of a widowed mother. Two others received fatal injuries, Turner Johnson and Jefferson Hoover. The following were wounded: Lemmie Myers, 60 years of age, arm broken and badly bruised; John Hoffman, badly bruised; Mrs. H. Brown, wife of the above, severely injured; Mrs. Miller, hip dislocated; Mrs. Miller, wife of the above, had body bruised; Fred Colebrook, of Shelbyville, stopping over night, three ribs broken; Widow Himes, cut on the shoulder; L. J. Holtzinger, bruised and cut; Lemmie Myers, arm broken.

Brown's little child was found dead about twenty-five yards from the house, while that of C. C. Johnson was whirled through the air a distance of 180 yards, and dropped in a yard, where the body was found two hours after the storm had passed. Miss Himes was also blown some distance from her home, and was found with almost every particle of clothing stripped from her body by the force of the wind. Mrs. Dearmond was found under her house, severely injured, but those mentioned sustained most serious wounds and bruises. Among the horses scattered was that of Johnny Sullivan, which was killed, wife, and six children, the youngest a babe 2 weeks old. Most miraculously none of the family were injured in the storm. A babe was found in a bed covered with debris, but unharmed.

The two clouds met at the house of Louis Coleman, two miles south of Oakville, and entirely demolished it in a second's time, and a mile from the foundation, while some of the timbers of the house were found at a distance of two miles and a half. Two boys riding in a wagon were caught in the wind, the wagon overturned, and the boys were killed. A piece of timber struck one of the boys, inflicting a severe scalp wound, rendering him unconscious. The other boy was carried some distance, and was severely injured by the wagon turning over on him.

At Luray, a small town two miles east of Oakville, Will Lines, with his family, was seated in the house when the storm struck, and a mile from the foundation, while some of the timbers of the house were found at a distance of two miles and a half. Two boys riding in a wagon were caught in the wind, the wagon overturned, and the boys were killed. A piece of timber struck one of the boys, inflicting a severe scalp wound, rendering him unconscious. The other boy was carried some distance, and was severely injured by the wagon turning over on him.

About the same hour that Oakville, Ind., and the surrounding country was being devastated, a destructive storm, by comparison, a cyclone, was sweeping with great force over the region adjacent to Greenville, Ohio. Many houses were blown down, one or two people killed, a number of persons injured, and a great deal of valuable farm property damaged. The village of Javille, near Greenville, suffered severely, every house in the place being more or less injured. A number of persons receiving serious wounds. At Troy and Castleton the destruction was also great, houses being blown down, and many persons injured. Whole orchards were destroyed, and in some instances stately trees were carried away a distance of several hundred yards. The loss sustained is very great. At Dublin, a number of houses and barns were blown down. The Christian church of that place was demolished. At Plain City, a number of large barns were wrecked and scattered promiscuously. A carriage factory was demolished and the cemetery laid waste.

A cyclone swept through the Monongahela Valley, at Pittsburg, leveling fences, wrenching signs from their fastenings, and demolishing several houses. Five persons were killed, many injured, and many others were more or less seriously wounded, by falling buildings.

About the time these terrible forces were doing their awful work in Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania, a series of cyclones were tearing through the Sunny South, leaving death and desolation in their wake. In Mississippi, a cyclone, from a railroad, and only meager details can be learned, but enough is known to characterize it as one of the most destructive storms that has prevailed in this country in years. The storm commenced in the neighborhood of Collinsville, Ala., and passed in a northerly direction, striking up Wills Valley and then crossing Lookout Mountain, it passed off into North Georgia, and the Tilton left behind a trail of death and destruction. The storm was very terrible. The wind seemed to be formed in numberless whirlwinds, each whirling within itself, with a roar like thunder, and it moved over the earth with lightning-like rapidity. Trees were uprooted and whirled hundreds of feet, and the path followed by the storm was clear of all vegetation for the cyclone. The swath was precise and well defined, and the strip it made is a scene of ruin and desolation. Many people are known to have been killed.

The house of the Hon. Clayton Tatum, of Dade County, Ga., brother of the State Senator, was demolished. He received fatal injuries. His child was instantly killed, and his wife has both legs broken. The house of John Crowley, in the same vicinity, was also demolished, and the entire family killed. A lady and her daughter at Collinsville, Ala., were killed. It is reported that the cyclone swept along the crest of Lookout Mountain, Georgia, before it entered the valley, and every house in its path was whirled like cork upon the sea, and many lives are reported lost. The storm crossed the Georgia Great Southern Railway near Sulphur Springs. Immense trees were torn up by their roots and thrown across the tracks.

A soldier arm of the storm passed to the north-west and did great damage in Madison County, Alabama, in the vicinity of Huntsville. The house of William Whitely was swept away and his wife and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Conner, were instantly killed. When it struck the residence of James Glover, he was sitting at his window, and a little child on each knee. The house was blown over and several timbers struck him in the back, causing instant death, but both children escaped unhurt. In another family a little child was caught up by the furious wind and carried several hundred yards.

At about the same time a cyclone passed through the town of Timmonville, in the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad, has been completely wrecked by the gale, and that many of the inhabitants are killed and injured.

#### CHIPS.

EVERY year some 55,000 reproductions of the Venus of Milo are made in marble plaster, terra cotta, etc., and sold in Europe.

BRECHER says that he considers it a fortunate day when he escapes being interviewed by at least half a dozen newspaper reporters.

A FOND St. Louis mother has sued the owner of a pond for the loss of one of her sons, who went skating on it before the ice was ripe.

THERE are intimations of a cut in prices among watering-place hotels.